## Community? Whose Community?

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### Outline

- ♦ Reflections on communit(ies)
- ♦ Brief outline of literature-based ideas
- ♦ Conclusions





# Community United States of the Control of the Contr



### Take 5

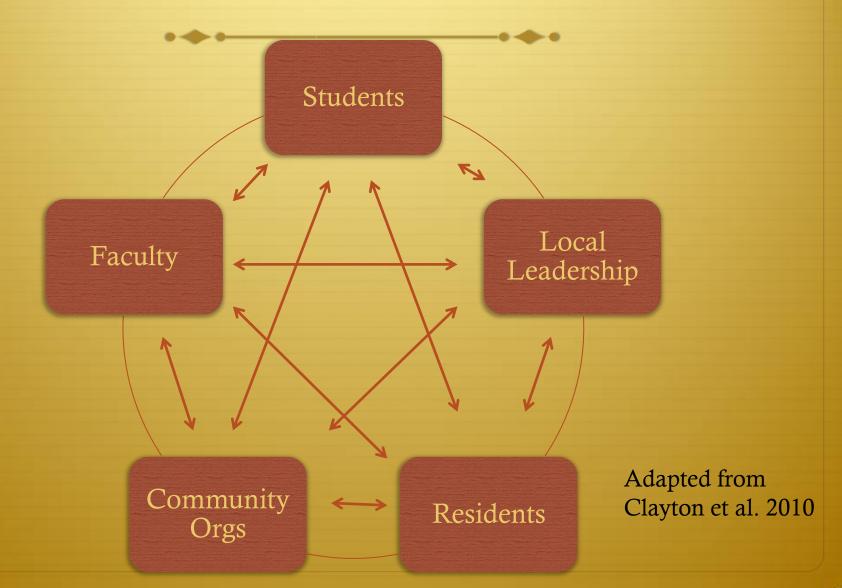
→ Turn to your left or right and share five different community configurations you have experienced in your own work. WARNING



CHALLENGES AHEAD



### Mapping the Relationships



### Assessing the Relationship (on both sides)

- ♦ Cost-benefit
- → Alignment of goals
- Decision making capability
- **♦** Resources
- ♦ Conflict management

- → Identity formation
  of organizations
- ♦ Power
- ♦ "What matters"
- **♦** Satisfaction

Adapted from Clayton et al. 2010

### Inclusive Engagement

- ✦ Recognition that inclusive engagement is an ongoing process
- Inclusion is concerned with the identification and removal of institutional barriers to effective engagement (not the deficits of people)
- ♣ Inclusion is about the presence, participation, and empowerment of all in the process
- ♦ Inclusion involves a particular emphasis on populations
  who may be at risk of marginalization

Adapted from Ainscow & Miles, 2009

### Conclusions

- ♦ Service learning literature can help us ensure that relationships with various communities and community actors are reciprocal
- → Inclusive engagement provides a structure for institutional humility awareness

#### References

- ♦ Clayton, Bringle, Senor, Huq, & Morrison (2010). Differentiating assessing relationships in service-learning and civic engagement: Exploitative, transactoinal, transformational. *Michigan Journal of Community Service Learning*, (5-22).
- ♣ Ainscow, M., & Miles, S. (2009). Developing inclusive education systems: how can we move policies forward. *Manchester, UK: University of Manchester*.

### Thank you!

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