

MAX SEHAM

LECTURESHIP

Friday, June 22, 2001, 1:30 p.m.

Radisson Hotel Metrodome, Minneapolis, MN

Business Management for Child Advocacy



Guest Speaker:

Arnold S. Anderson, M.D.

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

MAX SEHAM LECTURESHIP

Program

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Topic: "Business Management for Child Advocacy"

Without question the leading children's advocate in Minnesota for the last five decades, Dr. Anderson is perhaps best known for his advocacy of a community children's hospital during the 1960s. He led the founding of Minneapolis Children's Hospital in 1967 and became its first president and CEO, a position he held through 1978. He also founded the Teen Age Medical Center in Minneapolis in 1968. He was one of the 11 founders of the St. Louis Park Medical Center, and founder of the St. Louis Park Medical Center Foundation for Research and Education.

The father of 10 children and 16 grandchildren, Dr. Anderson obtained his B.A. in chemistry and business administration from St. Olaf College. He graduated from the University of Minnesota Medical School, where he was also awarded a Master of Science in Pediatrics, and completed pediatric residency training at Mayo Clinic. He married Rusk in 1940, and together Rusk and Arne have published articles in the medical literature on school health and the value of a personal pediatrician. His other medical publications include behavioral studies and observations, urinary tract infections, cerebral dysfunction, school health, streptococcal cellulitis, children with disabilities, genetic screening, and child nutrition.

He has been active in the American Academy of Pediatrics. His community service has been extensive serving on several Governor's Commissions, Mayor's Committees, school board and community hospitals. He was president of Minnesota International Health Volunteers and represented MIHV in Kenya in 1998.

Arne continues to provide service to the community as a part-time pediatrician at Pilot City Health Center in Minneapolis. For 60 years, Minnesota children have reaped the benefits of Dr. Anderson's tireless advocacy on their behalf.

Outstanding Achievement Award

Arnold Severen Anderson

Distinguished graduate of the University of Minnesota.

Dr. Anderson is renowned for the impact he has had on the teaching of pediatrics at the University of Minnesota and throughout the Twin Cities. He helped found the St. Louis Park Medical Center, which is nationally recognized for its innovative model of health care delivery. Additionally, it was under Dr. Anderson's leadership that Minneapolis Children's Medical Center was established and grew to its preeminent stature. On a national level, he has made major contributions in pediatric nutrition and has served on federal and Academy of Pediatrics committees, where he has garnered a reputation for being insightful, learned, and articulate. Dr. Anderson is truly an outstanding pediatrician who has made landmark contributions both through his patient care and his teaching.

The regents of the University of Minnesota, as an expression of high esteem, and in recognition of noted professional attainment, present this Outstanding Achievement Award on June 4, 1993.

President; Secretary, Board of Regents; Chair, Board of Regents.

1990 Gold-Headed Cane Recipient

ARNOLD S. ANDERSON, M.D.

Arnold S. Anderson received his undergraduate degree from St. Olaf College in Northfield, Minnesota, and graduated from the University of Minnesota School of Medicine in 1943. Following training in California, and at the United States Army Hospital in Tacoma, Washington, Dr. Anderson served in the United States Army in Europe after World War II. He served a fellowship in pediatrics at the Mayo Clinic in Rochester, Minnesota, from 1947 to 1950, and in 1950 received a master of science degree in pediatrics from the University of Minnesota. In that same year he entered private practice and was a founding member of the St. Louis Park Medical Center.

Arnold S. Anderson's list of contributions to pediatrics and children in the Twin Cities, in the state of Minnesota, and nationally, is extensive. In the mid-1960s, he was responsible for the creation and building of the Minneapolis Children's Hospital and served as its medical director from 1967 to 1969. He served on numerous professional committees of the American Academy of Pediatrics. In addition to his service to the medical profession, Dr. Anderson served as a member of the school board in Edina, Minnesota, and also was a recipient of the Silver Beaver Award of the Viking Council of the Boy Scouts of America, one of the highest honors in scouting. He received many other awards, including the Charles Bolles Bolles-Rogers Award by the Hennepin County Medical Society for outstanding achievements in medicine, research, or leadership, and the Harold S. Diehl Award from the University of Minnesota Medical Alumni Society for outstanding contributions to the field of medicine in 1984.

Dr. Anderson is executive director of the Minnesota International Health Volunteers, whose emphasis is the health care of the international community of children. He was elected president of the Southern Minnesota Medical Society in 1989 and serves as president of the Northwest Pediatric Society.

THE GOLD-HEADED CANE

The Gold-Headed Cane is recognized as a symbol of excellence among physicians, but its origin is somewhat a mystery.

The first Gold-Headed Cane was owned by **Dr. John Radcliffe**, a prominent physician who attended William III during his bout with smallpox.

Shortly before his death in 1714, Radcliffe apparently gave the cane to his protege and successor, **Dr. Richard Mead**, an equally respected clinician, who was soon appointed physician to King George II. Mead gave it as a gift to **Dr. Anthony Askew**, a prominent practitioner. Upon Askew's death, the cane was bequeathed to his fellow physician at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, **Dr. William Pitcairn**. Pitcairn was elected president of the British College of Physicians in 1775.

William Pitcairn died in 1791 and gave the cane to his nephew, **Dr. David Pitcairn**, who became the leader of his profession in London. In addition to his clinical activities, Pitcairn's treatise entitled "Morbidity Anatomy" (published in 1793) was a classic of the day. The final owner of the original cane, **Dr. Matthew Baille**, was a close friend of David Pitcairn. During Baille's ownership the original cane frequently was seen in the prestigious consulting rooms in London and surrounding area.

This Gold-Headed Cane was then presented to the New College of Physicians on June 24, 1825, by Baille's widow. Somewhere during its travel, the coats of arms of the five owners appeared on its head.

The recognition of eminence among pediatricians in this community was initiated in 1972. The gold-headed cane recognizes distinguished service not only to children, but to pediatrics. This year's recipients of the University of Minnesota Department of Pediatrics Gold-Headed Cane Award join a group of prominent and exceptional pediatricians including:

Lawrence F. Richdorf, M.D.	1972
Paul F. Dwan, M.D.	1973
Robert Rosenthal, M.D.	1974
John A. Anderson, M.D., Ph. D.	1977
Stuart Lane Arey, M.D.	1982