Intramural Broomball Rules

The following set of rules addresses gameplay for Broomball. Any additional situations that arise will be governed by the USA Broomball rulebook. Additionally, the intramural handbook addresses intramural policies that apply to all sports and should be read prior to registering an intramural team.

Postings: Schedules, league updates, game results, and playoff brackets will be posted on IMLeagues as that information becomes available. Team captains should check the site regularly to check for changes.

Eligibility: All students are eligible to participate in the Intramural Sports Program, provided they are enrolled during that semester/block at St. Olaf.

All faculty, staff, and spouses are eligible provided they have a current Recreation Pass, have signed the necessary waivers, and paid the necessary pass fees.

All eligibility protests must be presented to the supervisor before the game or when the protested player first enters the game.

All players must have played in one regular season game to be eligible for the playoffs.

Pre-Game: All participants must present a valid Ole Card to participate in any intramural activity.

There will be no exceptions to this policy. If participants do not present valid identification, they will not be allowed to participate in the Intramural activity.

No ID, No Play!

Equipment: Intramural Sports will provide helmets and brooms for all players. Additionally, Intramural Sports will provide a chest protector and glove for all goalies.

Non-goalie must wear a hockey style helmet with a full shield. They may wear shin guards, gloves, or any other protective gear deemed appropriate by the Intramural Staff.

Goalies must wear a goalie mask, a chest protector, and a glove. Goalies may wear leg guards no larger than what an average baseball catcher may wear.

Forfeits: To avoid a forfeit, teams must have the minimum number of players checked in by five (5) minutes past game time.

Players: Teams consist of 5 players on the ice. Teams must have at least 3 players to begin and continue a game.
Teams may not have more than 3 of the same gender on the ice at any time.

**Timing:**
A game consists of two 20 minute periods, with a 5 minute rest between periods. Teams switch goals between periods.

The clock will begin promptly at 5 minutes past game time. The clock will not stop during the game for any reason.

**Mercy Rule:**
The game will end if one team is ahead by 5 goals at the 5 minute mark in the 2nd half.

**Overtime:**
During league play there is no overtime. The game will end in a tie.

In playoffs, if a team is tied at the end of regulation, there will be as many 5-minute sudden death overtime periods as needed to determine a winner.

**Substitution:**
*Substitutions are allowed on the fly for position players.* The on ice player should give their stick to the substituting player.

The goalie may be substituted for on all dead balls so long as the official is notified and allows the substitution.

There are no substitutions for a player serving a penalty. The player serving the penalty must first return to the ice, and then they may go to the bench for a substitute.

**Faceoffs:**
The ball is place on the ice at the faceoff spot. One player from each team will stand on side opposite of each other, with all other players on side and at least 15 feet from the ball. The faceoff players begin play on the referee’s whistle.

A faceoff will be used to put the ball in play in these situations:
1. At the beginning of each half or overtime.
2. If the ball goes out of player and the referee cannot determine which team forced the ball out of play.
3. If each team commits a penalty simultaneously
4. After a goal is scored.

**Drawbacks:**
First, the ball is placed on the ice at the drawback spot. The player taking the drawback will line up behind the ball. The drawback can be passed only backwards or parallel. A drawback that is hit forward first will be whistle and the opposing team will be awarded the drawback.

A drawback will be awarded to the opposing team in these situations:
1. A goalie covers the ball in his/her own crease
2. A penalty or infraction occurs
3. A team causes the ball to leave play
**The Crease:**

The goalie may leave the crease at any time, however, they may only cover the ball while within the crease area, which is defined as one stick length from the crease.

Only the goalie may be in the crease area unless the ball has preceded the position player into that area. A player is considered to be in the crease if any part of his body or stick is in the crease.

If the goalie freezes the ball outside of the crease area, the goalie shall be issued a minor for delay of game.

**Scoring:**

A goal is awarded when the entire ball crosses the entire line from the front of the goal between the posts and under the crossbar. The team with the most goals at the end of the game will be the winner.

Goals may be disallowed for the following reasons:

1. The ball is contacted above shoulder level by the offense prior to crossing the goal line.
2. The ball is kicked, thrown, or propelled in an illegal manner.
3. The scoring team commits an infraction at the time the goal was scored.
4. The goalie freezes the ball and is pushed across the goal line.
5. The ball is whistled dead prior to the goal for any reason.

**Broom Use:**

Players should carry and use their broom in a safe manner. Players should not carry the broom above his/her shoulders or play a ball with the broom above his/her waist. High sticking may be called in either case.

Additionally, players may not intentionally throw their broom nor can they intentionally move an opponent’s broom that has been dropped. Depending on the severity of the offense, a minor, major, or ejection can be issued.

Players who drop their brooms must retrieve it immediately before continuing to play. Otherwise, a minor for unsportsmanlike conduct may be issued.

**Hands/Feet Use:**

Players may use their hands and feet to stop or control the ball. However, they may not kick, push, throw, or bat the ball to a teammate. Additionally, they cannot shoot the ball into the goal intentionally with anything aside from their broom. This will result in a loss of possession.

**Contact:**

**There is no checking or contact in intramural broomball.** Players should attempt to avoid contact by any means necessary.

Unintentional contact may be called a penalty if the player initiating the contact was too out of control to avoid the contact. This may be a major or minor penalty.

**Delay of Game:**

No players shall intentionally hold the ball against the boards, goal, or ice with their hands, feet, stick, or body for purpose of delaying the game.
Delay of game is a minor penalty.

Additionally, it is delay of game if the goalie covers the ball outside of the crease area.

**Minor Penalties:** The offending player will serve two minutes in the box and his/her team will play shorthanded. The minor penalty with the least amount of time remaining will expire should the team playing shorthanded allow a goal. The following are minor penalties.

1. Holding
2. Interference
3. Tripping
4. Slashing
5. Checking
6. Roughing
7. Elbowing
8. High Sticking
9. Delay of game
10. Too many players on the ice
11. Illegal use of equipment
12. Unsportsmanlike conduct/Misconduct

Any minor penalties can become major penalties if in the opinion of the referee the act was intentional. If it was intentional and an attempt to injure, the official will call a major penalty and eject the player from the game. **Any player’s second unsportsmanlike conduct or misconduct penalty (any combination of the two) is a mandatory major penalty and ejection.**

**Major Penalties:** The offending player will serve five minutes. Major penalties will not expire when a goal is scored. If blatant, the player is ejected, and the team must remain shorthanded for the duration of the penalty. However, a player does not need to be sent to the box. Below are the major penalties:

1. Fighting
2. Spearing
3. Butt ending
4. Kicking
5. Throwing the broom
6. Check from behind
7. Contact to the head